

Number of Solutions of a Linear System Practice

1. The solution to the linear system, ① $y = 10x + 6$ and ② $2x + 3y = -14$, is

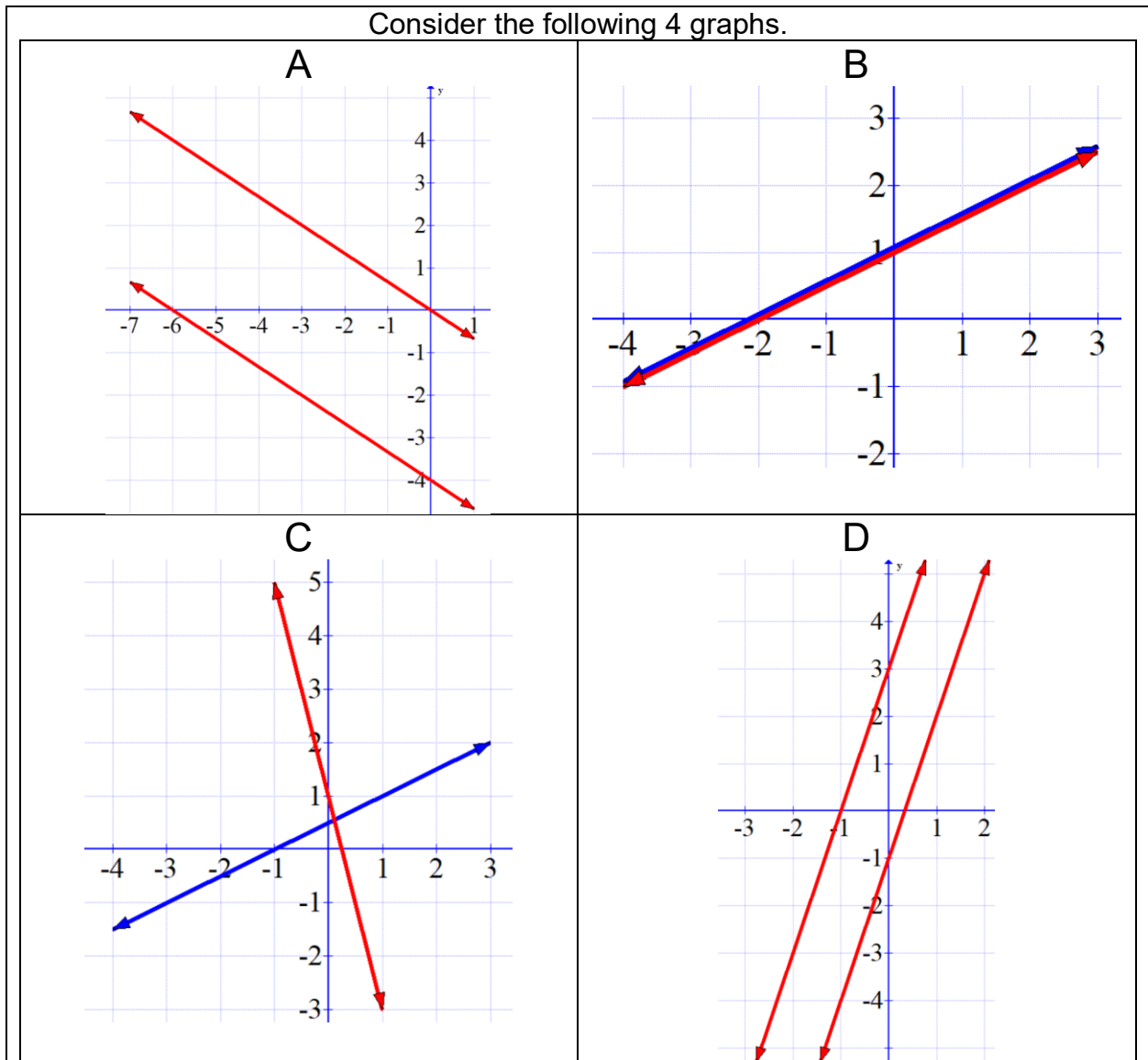
A) (1, 16)

B) (-1, -4)

C) (0, 6)

D) (2, -6)

Use the following information to answer the next question.



2. The graph that has one solution is

A) A

B) B

C) C

D) D

3. If the linear system, ① $y = -5x + K$ and ② $3y = -15x + 6$, have an infinite number of solutions, the value for K is _____.

Use the following information to answer the next question.

Consider the following linear system, where m_1 and m_2 are integer values in front of the variable x , and b_1 and b_2 are integer values.

$$\textcircled{1} y = m_1x + b_1$$

$$\textcircled{2} y = m_2x + b_2$$

4. If we are told that there is no solution to this linear system, then we know that

- A) $m_1 = m_2$ **and** $b_1 = b_2$
B) $m_1 = m_2$ **and** $b_1 \neq b_2$
C) $m_1 \neq m_2$ **and** $b_1 = b_2$
D) $m_1 \neq m_2$ **and** $b_1 \neq b_2$

Use the following information to answer the next question.

Four math student were given a task. When presented with the equation, $-6x + y = 3$, the students had to create another linear equation that will form a linear system with no solution. The student submissions are shown below.

Dean	$y = -6x - 1$
Randy	$\frac{1}{2}x + \frac{1}{3}y = 1$
Elaine	$2y - 5 = 12x$
Chelsea	$-18x = -3y + 9$

5. The student having the correct equation is

- A) Dean B) Randy C) Elaine D) Chelsea

Use the following information to answer the next question.

Given the linear system, ① $2x - y = -5$ and ② $4x + y = -7$, Julian said that since the slopes are different, there is exactly 1 solution. Julian also said that the solution is (1,7) because he verified it in the equation ① $2x - y = -5$.

$$\begin{aligned} 2(1) - (7) &= -5 \\ -5 &= -5 \end{aligned}$$

6. Do you agree or disagree with Julian? Explain.

7. The linear system, ① $y = -7x + 1$ and ② $y + kx = 3$, has no solution. The value for K is _____.

8. Usually if a linear system has exactly 1 solution, the slopes and the y-intercepts are different. Is it possible for the slopes to be different, the y-intercepts to be the same and for there to be exactly 1 solution? Explain.

Number of Solutions of a Linear System Practice Solutions

1. The solution to the linear system, ① $y = 10x + 6$ and ② $2x + 3y = -14$, is

A) (1, 16)

B) (-1, -4)

C) (0, 6)

D) (2, -6)

Solution

A solution satisfies (makes a true statement) both linear equations in a linear system.

Option A

$$y = 10x + 6$$

$$2x + 3y = -14$$

$$(16) = 10(1) + 6$$

$$2(1) + 3(16) = -14$$

$$16 = 16$$

$$50 \neq -14$$

This point does not satisfy both equations.

Option B

$$y = 10x + 6$$

$$2x + 3y = -14$$

$$(-4) = 10(-1) + 6$$

$$2(-1) + 3(-4) = -14$$

$$-4 = -4$$

$$-14 = -14$$

This point satisfies both equations. Option is the solution.

Option C

$$y = 10x + 6$$

$$2x + 3y = -14$$

$$(6) = 10(0) + 6$$

$$2(0) + 3(6) = -14$$

$$6 = 6$$

$$18 \neq -14$$

This point does not satisfy both equations.

Option D

$$y = 10x + 6$$

$$2x + 3y = -14$$

$$(-6) = 10(2) + 6$$

$$2(2) + 3(-6) = -14$$

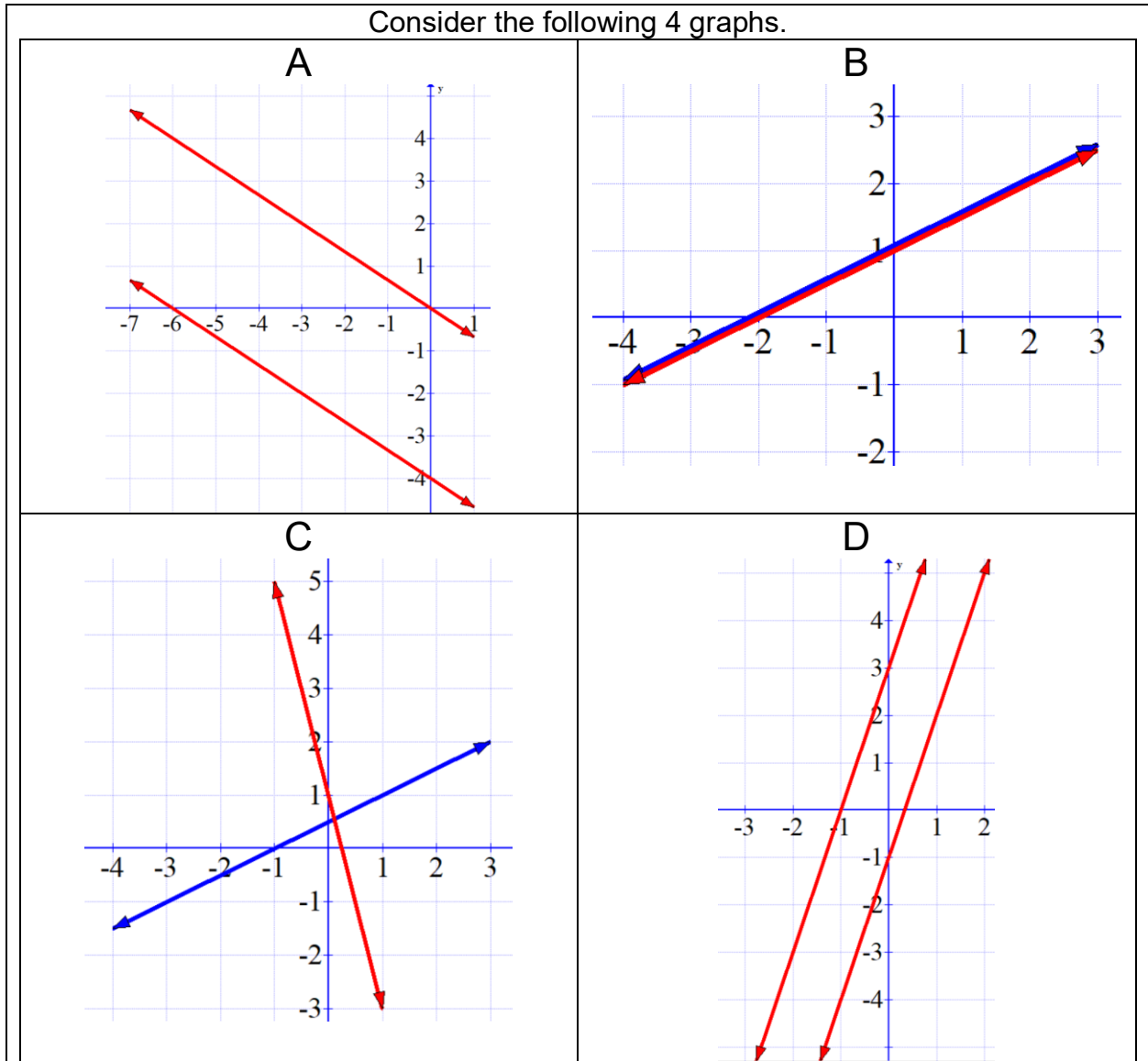
$$-6 \neq 26$$

$$-14 = -14$$

This point does not satisfy both equations.

The correct answer is B.

Use the following information to answer the next question.



2. The graph that has one solution is

A) A

B) B

C) C

D) D

Solution

Graphs A and D are parallel and will not intersect. Therefore there is no solution. Graph B is one line on top of the other, or coincident lines. There is an infinite number of solutions.

Graph C has two lines intersecting at one point. This means that there is one solution.

The correct answer is C.

3. If the linear system, ① $y = -5x + K$ and ② $3y = -15x + 6$, have an infinite number of solutions, the value for K is 2.

Solution

Isolate y in equation ② by dividing every term by 3.

$$y = -5x + 2$$

Compare to equation ①, $y = -5x + K$.

In order to have an infinite number of solutions, the slopes and y -intercepts both must be the same. In each equation, the slope is -5 . The y -intercept in equation ② is 2 . Therefore the y -intercept in equation ① must also be 2 . Thus, $K = 2$.

The value for K is 2.

Use the following information to answer the next question.

Consider the following linear system, where m_1 and m_2 are integer values in front of the variable x , and b_1 and b_2 are integer values.

$$\textcircled{1} \ y = m_1x + b_1$$

$$\textcircled{2} \ y = m_2x + b_2$$

4. If we are told that there is no solution to this linear system, then we know that

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C) $m_1 \neq m_2$ **and** $b_1 = b_2$
D) $m_1 \neq m_2$ **and** $b_1 \neq b_2$

Solution

When y is isolated, as it is in both equations, the value in front of x (in this question m_1 and m_2) is the slope. The value at the end of the equation is the y -intercept. (in this question b_1 and b_2).

To have no solution, the slopes must be the same (to give parallel lines) and the y -intercepts must be different.

The correct answer is B.

Use the following information to answer the next question.

Four math student were given a task. When presented with the equation, $-6x + y = 3$, the students had to create another linear equation that will form a linear system with no solution. The student submissions are shown below.	
Dean	$y = -6x - 1$
Randy	$\frac{1}{2}x + \frac{1}{3}y = 1$
Elaine	$2y - 5 = 12x$
Chelsea	$-18x = -3y + 9$

5. The student having the correct equation is

- A) Dean B) Randy **C) Elaine** D) Chelsea

Solution

The initial equation given in the question is $-6x + y = 3$. Add $6x$ to both sides to put the equation in an equivalent form, which will make it easier to compare.

$$y = 6x + 3$$

Rewrite each of the other equations in the form $y = mx + b$, in order to compare slopes and y -intercepts.

Dean

$$y = -6x - 1$$

His equation is already in this form.

Randy

Clear fractions by multiplying each of the 3 terms by 6. We choose 6 because it is the smallest number that the denominators of (2) and (3) will divide evenly into.

$$\frac{1}{2}x + \frac{1}{3}y = 1$$

$$6 \left[\frac{1}{2}x + \frac{1}{3}y = 1 \right]$$

$$3x + 2y = 6$$

Subtract 3x from both sides.

$$2y = -3x + 6$$

Divide every term by 2.

$$y = -\left(\frac{3}{2}x\right) + 3$$

Elaine

$$2y - 5 = 12x$$

Add 5 to both sides.

$$2y = 12x + 5$$

Divide every term by 2.

$$y = 6x + 5/2$$

Chelsea

$$-18x = -3y + 9$$

Add 3y to both sides.

$$3y - 18x = 9$$

Add 18x to both sides.

$$3y = 18x + 9$$

Divide every term by 3.

$$y = 6x + 3$$

A system with no solution has equations with the same slopes and different y-intercepts. When comparing the original equation, $y = 6x + 3$, to the given options, only Elaine's answer of $y = 6x + 5/2$, satisfies this requirement.

The correct answer is C.

Use the following information to answer the next question.

Given the linear system, ① $2x - y = -5$ and ② $4x + y = -7$, Julian said that since the slopes are different, there is exactly 1 solution. Julian also said that the solution is $(1,7)$ because he verified it in the equation ① $2x - y = -5$.

$$\begin{aligned}2(1) - (7) &= -5 \\-5 &= -5\end{aligned}$$

6. Do you agree or disagree with Julian? Explain.

Solution

When there is exactly one solution for a linear system, that solution or point must satisfy both equations. Julian has shown that the point $(1,7)$ satisfies equation ①.

Now we have to substitute this point into equation ②.

$$4x + y = -7$$

$$4(1) + (7) = -7$$

$$4 + 7 = -7$$

$$11 \neq -7$$

Therefore, $(1,7)$ is not a solution to this linear system.

To find the correct solution, graph the linear system.

The intersection point is $(-2,1)$.

$$\textcircled{1} \quad 2x - y = -5$$

$$2(-2) - (1) = -5$$

$$-4 - 1 = -5$$

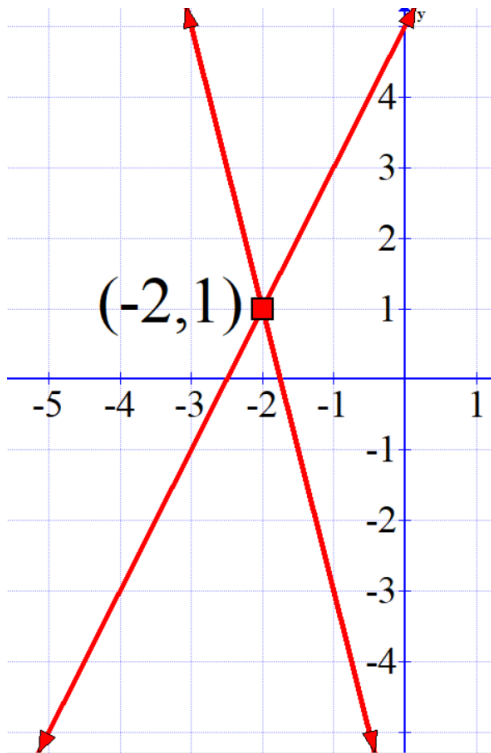
$$-5 = -5$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad 4x + y = -7$$

$$4(-2) + (1) = -7$$

$$-8 + 1 = -7$$

$$-7 = -7$$



I do not agree with Julian. It is necessary that the solution satisfy both equations, not just one. The correct solution is $(-2, 1)$.

7. The linear system, ① $y = -7x + 1$ and ② $y + kx = 3$, has no solution. The value for K is 7.

Solution

Isolate y in both equations to allow for easy comparison of slopes and y -intercepts.

① $y = -7x + 1$

② $y = -kx + 3$

For a system to have no solution, the slopes are equal and the y -intercepts are different. In this case, the y -intercepts are different (i.e. 1 and 3). For the slopes to be equal, K must be equal to 7.

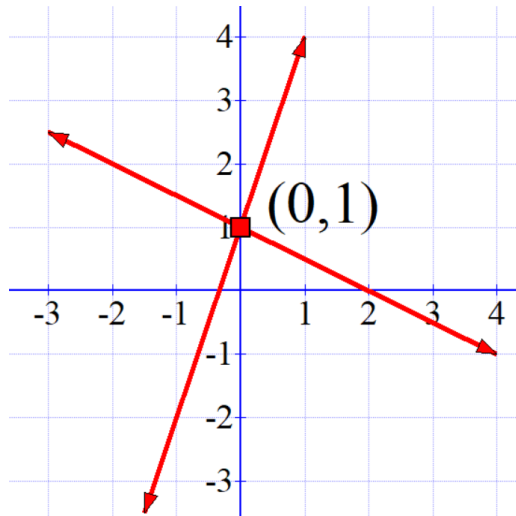
The value for K is 7.

8. Usually if a linear system has exactly 1 solution, the slopes and the y-intercepts are different. Is it possible for the slopes to be different, the y-intercepts to be the same and for there to be exactly 1 solution? Explain.

Solution

Yes this is possible if the solution is on the y-axis. For example, given the system,

① $y = 3x + 1$ and ② $y = (-\frac{1}{2})x + 1$, there is one intersection point at $(0, 1)$.



We know that this is the solution as it satisfies both equations.

$$y = 3x + 1$$

$$(1) = 3(0) + 1$$

$$1 = 1$$

$$y = (-\frac{1}{2})x + 1$$

$$(1) = (-\frac{1}{2})(0) + 1$$

$$1 = 1$$

The slopes of each equation are different. Equation ① has a slope of 1, and equation ② has a slope of $-\frac{1}{2}$. The y-intercepts are the same, i.e. both are 1. There is exactly 1 solution.